

*释义来自Cambridge Dictionary

1. the straighteners

orthopedist

(G) *orthos*, straight or correct

(G) *paidos*, child

(ety) The *orthopedist* straightens children

invent or devise

The term was coined in 1741 by the author of a textbook on the prevention of childhood diseases -- at that time the correction of spinal curvature in children was a main concern of practitioners of *orthopedics*.

Today the specialty treats deformities, injuries, and diseases of the bones and joints (of adults as well as children, of course), often by surgical procedures.

definition

the treatment or study of bones that have not grown correctly or that have been damaged

矫形外科（学），整形外科（学）

Orthodontia

odontos, tooth.

(ety) the straightening of teeth

definition

orthodontics

the job or activity of correcting the position of teeth and dealing with and preventing problems of the teeth

正牙治疗，口腔正畸



2. the heart

Cardiologist

(G) *kardia*, heart

(G) *logos*, science

Cardiology

a *cardiac* condition refers to some malfunctioning of the heart;

a *cardiogram* is an electrically produced record of the heartbeat.

The instrument that produces this record is called a *cardiograph*.

definition

cardiology

the study and treatment of medical conditions of the heart

心脏病学

3. the nervous system

Neurologist

(G) *neuron*, nerve

neurology

Neuralgia is acute pain along the nerves and their branches.

algos, pain

Neuritis is inflammation of the nerves.

Neurosis is a class of mental disorders involving distress but not delusions or hallucinations. The person's behavior is not outside socially acceptable norms.[1] It is also known as psychoneurosis or neurotic disorder, and those suffering from it are said to be neurotic. The term neurosis was coined by Scottish doctor William Cullen in 1769.

The American Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM) has

algos, pain

Neuritis is inflammation of the nerves.

Neurosis

-*osis*, a suffix meaning *abnormal or diseased condition*

definition

a mental illness resulting in high levels of anxiety, unreasonable fears and behaviour and, often, a need to repeat actions for no

reason

神经官能症，神经症

Neurotic is both the adj form and the term for a person suffering from *neurosis*.

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The American Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM) has eliminated the category of "neurosis". The editors decided to provide descriptions of behavior instead.[2] According to The American Heritage Medical Dictionary, it is "no longer used in psychiatric diagnosis".[3] Instead, the disorders once classified as neuroses are now considered [anxiety disorders](#). [4] These changes are controversial.[5]

Neurosis may involve:

"...anxiety, sadness or depression, anger, irritability, mental confusion, low sense of self-worth, etc., behavioral symptoms such as phobic avoidance, vigilance, impulsive and compulsive acts, lethargy, etc., cognitive problems such as unpleasant or disturbing thoughts, repetition of thoughts and obsession, habitual fantasizing, negativity and cynicism, etc. Interpersonally, neurosis involves dependency, aggressiveness, perfectionism, schizoid isolation, socio-culturally inappropriate behaviors, etc".[6]

4. the mind

psychosis

definition

any of a number of the more severe mental diseases that make someone believe things that are not real

精神病，精神变态

She fell into a drug-induced psychosis.

她因吸毒而患上了精神病。

A true *psychotic* has lost contact with reality -- at least with reality as most of us perceive it, though no doubt *psychotic* people have their own form of reality.

(G) psyche, spirit, soul, mind

psyche

definition

the mind, or the deepest thoughts, feelings, or beliefs of a person or group

心灵；精神；心态

psychiatrist

iatreia, medical healing

(ety) a mind-healer.

psychiatry;

definition

the part of medicine that studies mental illness

精神病学

geriatrics

the specialty dealing with the particular medical needs of the elderly.

(G) *geras*, old age

geriatrician

geriatric